

HDAC2 monoclonal antibody

Other names: HD2, RPD3, YAF1

Cat. No. C15200201

Type: Monoclonal ChIP-grade/ChIP-seq grade

Source: Mouse

Lot #: 001

Size: 50 µg/ 25 µl

Concentration: 2 µg/µl

Specificity: Human: positive / Other species: not tested

Purity: Protein A purified monoclonal antibody in PBS containing 0.05% azide and 0.05% ProClin 300.

Storage: Store at -20°C; for long storage, store at -80°C. Avoid multiple freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions: This product is for research use only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Description: Monoclonal antibody raised in mouse against human HDAC2 (Histone deacetylase 2), using a KLH-conjugated synthetic peptide containing a sequence from the C-terminal region of the protein.

Applications

	Suggested dilution	Results
ChIP*	1 µg per IP	Fig 1, 2
Western blotting	1:1,000	Fig 3, 4
IF	1:500	Fig 5

* Please note that the optimal antibody amount per IP should be determined by the end-user. We recommend testing 1-5 µg per IP.

Target description

HDAC2 (UniProt/Swiss-Prot entry Q92769) belongs to the family of histone deacetylases which catalyse the deacetylation of lysine residues on the N-terminal part of the core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4). Acetylation and deacetylation of these highly conserved lysine residues is important for the control of gene expression and HDAC2 activity is associated with gene repression. Histone deacetylation is established by the formation of large multiprotein complexes. Thereby, HDAC2 associates with many different proteins, including the mammalian zinc-finger transcription factor YY1. HDAC2 thus plays an important role in transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression and developmental events.

Results

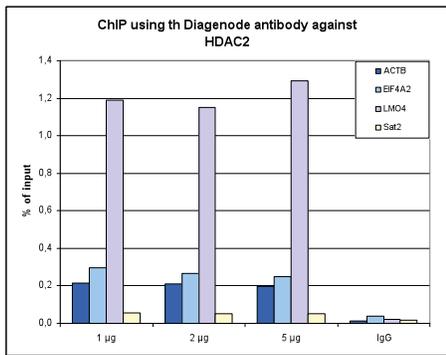


Figure 1. ChIP results obtained with the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against HDAC2

ChIP assays were performed using human HeLa cells, the Diagenode antibody against HDAC2 (Cat. No. C15200201) and optimized PCR primer sets for qPCR. ChIP was performed with the “iDeal ChIP-seq” kit (Cat. No. C01010055), using sheared chromatin from 4 million cells. A titration of the antibody consisting of 1, 2 and 5 µg per ChIP experiment was analysed. IgG (2 µg/IP) was used as negative IP control. QPCR was performed with primers for the ACTB, EIF4A2 and LMO4 genes, used as positive controls, and for the Sat2 satellite repeat, used as negative control. Figure 1 shows the recovery, expressed as a % of input (the relative amount of immunoprecipitated DNA compared to input DNA after qPCR analysis).

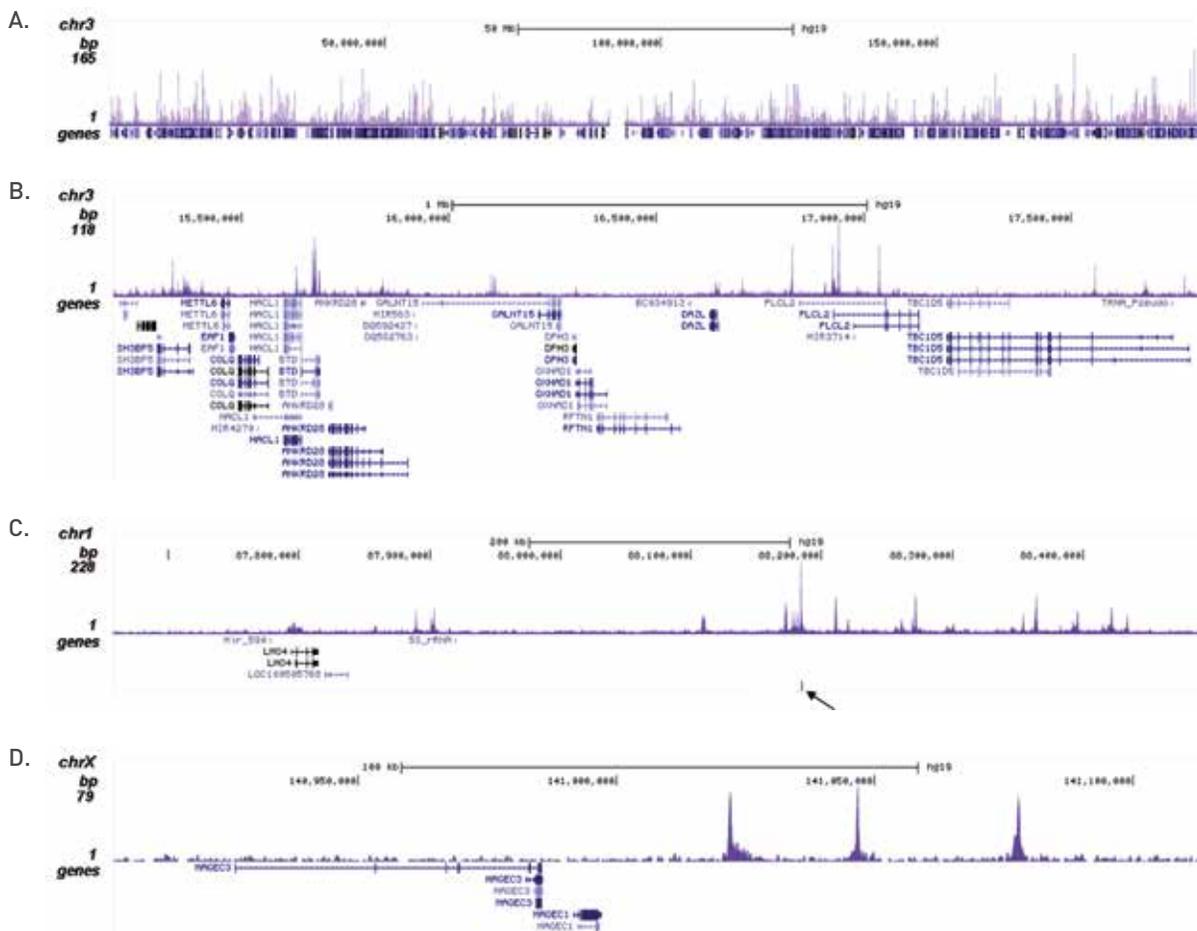


Figure 2. ChIP-seq results obtained with the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against HDAC2

ChIP was performed on sheared chromatin from 4 million HeLa cells using 1 µg of the Diagenode antibody against HDAC2 (Cat. No. C15200201) as described above. The IP'd DNA was subsequently analysed on an Illumina HiSeq. Library preparation, cluster generation and sequencing were performed according to the manufacturer's instructions. The 51 bp tags were aligned to the mouse genome using the BWA algorithm. Figure 2 shows the enrichment along the complete sequence and a 2 Mb region of human chromosome 3 (fig 2A and B), and in two genomic regions surrounding the LMO4 positive control gene and the MAGEC1 gene (figure 2C and D).

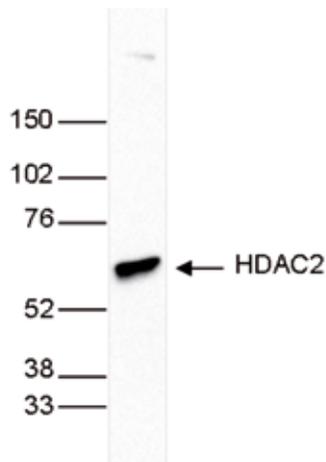


Figure 3. Western blot analysis using the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against HDAC2

Whole cell extracts from HeLa cells (25 µg) were analysed by Western blot using the Diagenode monoclonal antibody against HDAC2 (Cat. No. C15200201) diluted 1:1,000 in TBS-Tween containing 5% skimmed milk. The position of the protein of interest is indicated on the right (expected size: 55 kDa); the marker (in kDa) is shown on the left.

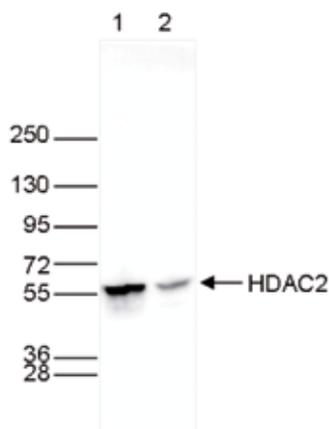


Figure 4. Western blot analysis using the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against HDAC2

Whole cell extracts (40 µg) from HeLa cells transfected with HDAC2 siRNA (lane 2) and from an untransfected control (lane 1) were analysed by Western blot using the Diagenode antibody against HDAC2 (Cat. No. C15200210) diluted 1:1,000 in TBS-Tween containing 5% skimmed milk. The position of the protein of interest is indicated on the right (expected size: 55 kDa); the marker (in kDa) is shown on the left.

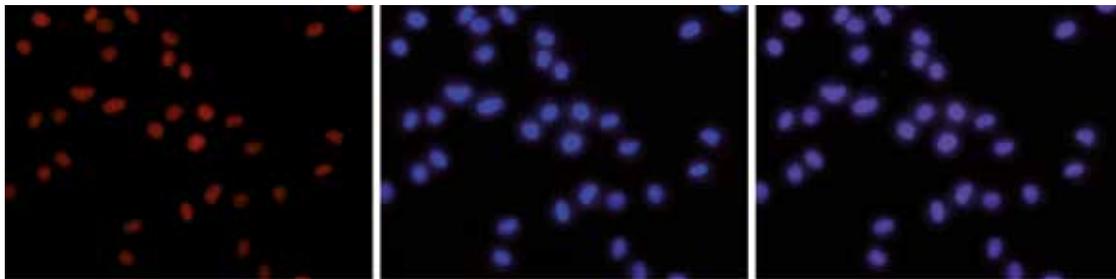


Figure 5. Immunofluorescence using the Diagenode monoclonal antibody directed against HDAC2

HeLa cells were stained with the Diagenode antibody against HDAC2 (Cat. No. C15200201) and with DAPI. Cells were fixed with 4% formaldehyde for 10' and blocked with PBS/TX-100 containing 5% normal goat serum and 1% BSA. The cells were immunofluorescently labelled with the HDAC2 antibody (left) diluted 1:500 in blocking solution followed by an anti-mouse antibody conjugated to Alexa594. The middle panel shows staining of the nuclei with DAPI. A merge of the two stainings is shown on the right.

Diagenode sa. BELGIUM | EUROPE

LIEGE SCIENCE PARK
Rue Bois Saint-Jean, 3
4102 Seraing (Ougrée) - Belgium
Tel: +32 4 364 20 50
Fax: +32 4 364 20 51
orders@diagenode.com
info@diagenode.com

Diagenode Inc. USA | NORTH AMERICA

400 Morris Avenue, Suite 101
Denville, NJ 07834 - USA
Tel: +1 862 209-4680
Fax: +1 862 209-4681
orders.na@diagenode.com
info.na@diagenode.com

Last update: January 17, 2017