

Bisulfite conversion reagent for RRBS C02030035

Flyleaf

Date of compilation: 2020-08-18

Bill of materials

Name of substance	Identifier	Number of pieces	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Page
BS Conversion Reagent		1	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		2 - 13
BS Dilution Buffer		1	Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		14 - 24
BS Solubilization Buffer		1			25 - 33
BS Reaction Buffer		1	Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H336 Flam. Liq. 2 / H225		34 - 45



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Conversion Reagent

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 product identifier

trade name BS Conversion Reagent product code(s) K09791001/K09891001

1.2 relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

relevant identified uses

for research use only, not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

1.3 details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Diagenode SA LIEGE SCIENCE PARK Rue du Bois Saint-Jean, 3 4102 Seraing Belgium

telephone: +32 4 364 20 50 e-mail: info@diagenode.com

1.4 emergency telephone number

emergency information service

+32 4 364 20 50

this number is only available during the following of-

fice hours: Mon-Fri 09:00 AM - 05:00 PM

poison center		
country	name	telephone
	American Association of Poison Control Centers	1-800-222-1222

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 classification of the substance or mixture

classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

section	hazard class	category	hazard class and cat- egory	hazard state- ment	
A.10	acute toxicity (oral)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H302	
A.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318	

for full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

2.2 label elements

labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- signal word danger

- pictograms

GHS05, GHS07



- hazard statements

H302 harmful if swallowed. H318 causes serious eye damage.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

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- precautionary statements

P270 do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 wear eye protection/face protection.

P305+P351+P338 if in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 immediately call a poison center/doctor.

P330 rinse mouth.

P501 dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- hazardous ingredients for labelling

Disodium disulphite

2.3 other hazards

hazards not otherwise classified

contact with acids liberates toxic gas.

may be harmful in contact with skin (GHS category 5: acutely toxic - dermal).

may be harmful if inhaled (GHS category 5: acutely toxic - inhalation).

harmful to aquatic life (GHS category 3: aquatic toxicity - acute).

results of PBT and vPvB assessment

this mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 mixtures

description of the mixture

name of substance	identifier	wt%	classification acc. to GHS	pictograms
Disodium disulphite	CAS No 7681-57-4	100	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Eye Dam. 1 / H318	

for full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 description of first- aid measures

general notes

do not leave affected person unattended. remove victim out of the danger area. keep affected person warm, still and covered. take off immediately all contaminated clothing. in all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. in case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

following inhalation

if breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. provide fresh air.

following skin contact

rinse skin with water/shower.

following eye contact

remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

following ingestion

rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

symptoms and effects are not known to date.

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4.3 indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 extinguishing media

suitable extinguishing media water, foam, ABC-powder unsuitable extinguishing media water jet

5.2 special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

hazardous combustion products sulfur oxides (SOx)

5.3 advice for firefighters

in case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. collect contaminated firefighting water separately. fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

for non-emergency personnel remove persons to safety.

for emergency responders

wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 environmental precautions

keep away from drains, surface and ground water. retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 methods and material for containment and cleaning up

advice on how to contain a spill covering of drains, take up mechanically

advice on how to clean up a spill

take up mechanically.

other information relating to spills and releases

place in appropriate containers for disposal. ventilate affected area.

6.4 reference to other sections

hazardous combustion products: see section 5. personal protective equipment: see section 8. incompatible materials: see section 10. disposal considerations: see section 13.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 precautions for safe handling

recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation use local and general ventilation. take precautionary measures against static discharge. use only in well-ventilated areas. ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- specific notes/details

dust deposits may accumulate on all deposition surfaces in a technical room. the product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

advice on general occupational hygiene

wash hands after use. do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

managing of associated risks

- explosive atmospheres removal of dust deposits.
- ventilation requirements use local and general ventilation.

7.3 specific end use(s)

see section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 control parameters

occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

-				•							
coun- try	name of agent	CAS No	identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	nota- tion	source
US	particulates not otherwise classified		REL							appx-D	NIOSH REL
US	particulates not otherwise classi- fied (PNOC)		PEL	1,766	15					i, dust	29 CFR 1910.100 0
US	particulates not otherwise classi- fied (PNOC)		PEL	529.5	5					partml, r, dust	29 CFR 1910.100 0
US	Particulates not otherwise regulated		PEL (CA)		10					dust	Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	Particulates not otherwise regulated		PEL (CA)		5					r	Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	sodium metabisul- fite	7681-57-4	PEL (CA)		5						Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	sodium metabisul- fite	7681-57-4	REL		5 (10 h)						NIOSH REL

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occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

coun- try	name of agent	CAS No	identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]		Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	source
US	sodium metabisul- fite	7681-57-4	TLV®		5				ACGIH® 2019

notation

appx-D see Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

dust as dust

i inhalable fraction partml particles/ml r respirable fraction

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (un-

less otherwise specified

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified

relevant DNELs of components of the mixture						
name of substance	CAS No	endpoint	threshold level	protection goal, route of exposure	used in	exposure time
Disodium disulphite	7681-57-4	DNEL	225 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

relevant PNECs of components of the mixture name of substance CAS No endpoint threshold environmental exposure time organism level compartment 1 mg/_1 short-term (single Disodium disulphite 7681-57-4 **PNEC** freshwater aquatic organisms instancel Disodium disulphite 7681-57-4 **PNEC** $0.1 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{l}}$ aquatic organisms marine water short-term (single instance) 75.4 ^{mg}/₁ 7681-57-4 **PNEC** sewage treatment short-term (single Disodium disulphite aquatic organisms plant (STP) instance

8.2 exposure controls

appropriate engineering controls

general ventilation.

individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

eye/face protection

wear eye/face protection.

skin protection

- hand protection

in the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well.

- other protection measures

take recovery periods for skin regeneration. preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. wash hands thoroughly after handling.

respiratory protection

particulate filter device (EN 143).

environmental exposure controls

use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 information on basic physical and chemical properties appearance

physical state	solid (powder)
color	various
odor	characteristic

other safety parameters

pH (value)	not applicable
melting point/freezing point	not determined
initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
flash point	not applicable
evaporation rate	not determined
flammability (solid, gas)	non-combustible
explosion limits of dust clouds	not determined
vapor pressure	not determined
density	not determined
vapor density	this information is not available
relative density	information on this property is not available
solubility(ies)	not determined

partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
auto-ignition temperature	not determined
viscosity	not relevant (solid matter)
explosive properties	none
oxidizing properties	none

9.2 other information there is no additional information

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 reactivity

concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 chemical stability

see below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 possibility of hazardous reactions

no known hazardous reactions.

10.4 conditions to avoid

there are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

hints to prevent fire or explosion

the product in the delivered form is not dust explosion capable; the enrichment of fine dust however leads to the danger of dust explosion.

10.5 incompatible materials

there is no additional information.

release of toxic materials with:

acids

10.6 hazardous decomposition products

reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 information on toxicological effects

test data are not available for the complete mixture.

classification procedure

the method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

acute toxicity

harmful if swallowed.

GHS of the United Nations, annex 4: may be harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

- acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

oral $1,420 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{kg}}$

acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components of the mixture					
name of substance	CAS No	exposure route	ATE		
sodium metabisulfite	7681-57-4	oral	1,420 ^{mg} / _{kg}		

skin corrosion/irritation

shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

serious eye damage/eye irritation

causes serious eye damage.

respiratory or skin sensitization

shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

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germ cell mutagenicity

shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

carcinogenicity

shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

	IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans					
name of substance CAS No			classification	number		
	sodium metabisulfite		3			

legend

3

Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans

reproductive toxicity

shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

aspiration hazard

shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 toxicity

harmful to aquatic life.

aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture							
name of substance	CAS No	endpoint	value	species	exposure time		
sodium metabisulfite	7681-57-4	LC50	←464 ^{mg} / ₁	fish	96 h		
sodium metabisulfite	7681-57-4	EC50	89 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h		
sodium metabisulfite	7681-57-4	ErC50	43.8 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h		

12.2 persistence and degradability

data are not available.

12.3 bioaccumulative potential

data are not available.

12.4 mobility in soil

data are not available.

12.5 results of PBT and vPvB assessment

data are not available.

12.6 other adverse effects

data are not available.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 waste treatment methods

sewage disposal-relevant information

do not empty into drains. avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

waste treatment of containers/packages

completely emptied packages can be recycled. handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

remarks

please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations
------	-----------	--------------------------------------

14.2 UN proper shipping name not assigned
 14.3 transport hazard class(es) not assigned
 14.4 packing group not assigned

14.5 environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the danger-

ous goods regulations

14.6 special precautions for user

there is no additional information.

14.7 transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

the cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

not subject to transport regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question national regulations (United States)

VOC content

Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA): Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB):

industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

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category	rating	description
Chronic	/	none
Health	3	major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions
Physical hazard	1	material that is normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperat- ures and pressures. Material may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

category	degree of hazard	description	
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions	
Health	3	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury	
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions	
Special hazard	₩	material that can react with water with some release of energy, but not violently	

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

abbreviations and acronyms

abbr.	descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH® 2019	From ACGIH®, 2019 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2019. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
ЕРА	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment

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abbr.	descriptions of used abbreviations
ErC50	≡ EC50: in this method, that concentration of test substance which results in a 50 % reduction in either growth (EbC50) or growth rate (ErC50) relative to the control
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % leth- ality during a specified time interval
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

classification procedure

physical and chemical properties: the classification is based on tested mixture.

health hazards, environmental hazards: the method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

list of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

code	text
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

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disclaimer

this information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. this SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Dilution Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 product identifier

trade name

BS Dilution Buffer

product code(s)

K09791002/K09891002

1.2 relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

relevant identified uses for research use only, not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

uses advised against do not use for squirting or spraying. do not use for

products which come into direct contact with the

skin.

1.3 details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Diagenode SA LIEGE SCIENCE PARK Rue du Bois Saint-Jean, 3 4102 Seraing Belgium

telephone: +32 4 364 20 50 e-mail: info@diagenode.com

1.4 emergency telephone number

emergency information service +32 4 364 20 50

this number is only available during the following of-

fice hours: Mon-Fri 09:00 AM - 05:00 PM

poison center		
country	name	telephone
	American Association of Poison Control Centers	1-800-222-1222

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 classification of the substance or mixture

classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

section	hazard class	category	hazard class and cat- egory	hazard state- ment
A.2	skin corrosion/irritation	1A	Skin Corr. 1A	H314
A.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318

for full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

the most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.

2.2 label elements

labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

signal word danger

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

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- pictograms

GHS05



- hazard statements

H314 causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

- precautionary statements

P260 do not breathe dusts or mists.
P280 wear eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 if swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 if on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 if inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 if in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 immediately call a poison center/doctor.
P321 specific treatment (see on this label).
P363 wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 store locked up.

P501 dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- hazardous ingredients for labelling

Sodium hydroxide

2.3 other hazards

results of PBT and vPvB assessment

this mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 mixtures

description of the mixture

name of substance	identifier	wt%	classification acc. to GHS	pictograms
Sodium hydroxide	CAS No 1310-73-2	≤5	Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318	

for full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 description of first- aid measures

general notes

do not leave affected person unattended. remove victim out of the danger area. keep affected person warm, still and covered. take off immediately all contaminated clothing. in all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. in case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

following inhalation

if breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. in case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. provide fresh air.

following skin contact

wash with plenty of soap and water.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Dilution Buffer

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following eye contact

remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

following ingestion

rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 extinguishing media

suitable extinguishing media water spray, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO2) unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

. . .

5.2 special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

5.3 advice for firefighters

in case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. collect contaminated firefighting water separately. fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

for non-emergency personnel

remove persons to safety.

for emergency responders

wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 environmental precautions

keep away from drains, surface and ground water. retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 methods and material for containment and cleaning up

advice on how to contain a spill

covering of drains

advice on how to clean up a spill

wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

appropriate containment techniques

use of adsorbent materials.

other information relating to spills and releases

place in appropriate containers for disposal. ventilate affected area.

6.4 reference to other sections

personal protective equipment: see section 8. incompatible materials: see section 10. disposal considerations: see section 13.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Dilution Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

precautions for safe handling 7.1

recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation use local and general ventilation. use only in well-ventilated areas.

advice on general occupational hygiene

wash hands after use. do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

control of the effects

protect against external exposure, such as

- packaging compatibilities only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 specific end use(s)

see section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 control parameters

occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

coun- try	name of agent	CAS No	identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	nota- tion	source
US	sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	REL						2		NIOSH REL
US	sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	TLV®						2		ACGIH® 2019
US	sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	PEL		2						29 CFR 1910.100 0
US	sodium hydroxide (caustic soda)	1310-73-2	PEL (CA)						2		Cal/ OSHA PEL

notation

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (un-STFL

less otherwise specified)

.

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified

relevant DNELs of	components	of the mix	ture			
name of substance	CAS No	endpoint	threshold level	protection goal, route of exposure	used in	

name of substance	CAS No	endpoint	threshold level	protection goal, route of exposure	used in	exposure time	
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	DNEL	1 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects	

United States: en page: 4 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Dilution Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

8.2 exposure controls

appropriate engineering controls

general ventilation.

individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

eye/face protection

wear eye/face protection.

skin protection

- hand protection

wear suitable gloves. chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. in the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. for special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- other protection measures

take recovery periods for skin regeneration. preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. wash hands thoroughly after handling.

respiratory protection

in case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

environmental exposure controls

use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 information on basic physical and chemical properties

appearance

physical state	liquid
color	colorless
odor	odorless

other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
melting point/freezing point	not determined
initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
flash point	not determined
evaporation rate	not determined
flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)
explosive limits	not determined
vapor pressure	not determined
density	not determined

United States: en page: 5 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Dilution Buffer

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vapor density	this information is not available			
relative density	information on this property is not available			
solubility(ies)	not determined			
partition coefficient				
- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available			
auto-ignition temperature	not determined			
viscosity	not determined			

none

	oxidizing properties	none
9.2	other information	there is no additional information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

explosive properties

10.1 reactivity

concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 chemical stability

see below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 possibility of hazardous reactions

no known hazardous reactions.

10.4 conditions to avoid

there are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 incompatible materials

there is no additional information.

10.6 hazardous decomposition products

reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 information on toxicological effects

test data are not available for the complete mixture.

classification procedure

the method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

acute toxicity

shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

skin corrosion/irritation

causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Dilution Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

serious eye damage/eye irritation

causes serious eye damage.

respiratory or skin sensitization

shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

germ cell mutagenicity

shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

carcinogenicity

shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

reproductive toxicity

shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

aspiration hazard

shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 toxicity

shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

12.2 persistence and degradability

data are not available.

12.3 bioaccumulative potential

data are not available.

12.4 mobility in soil

data are not available.

12.5 results of PBT and vPvB assessment

data are not available.

12.6 other adverse effects

data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 waste treatment methods

sewage disposal-relevant information

do not empty into drains. avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

waste treatment of containers/packages

only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. completely emptied packages can be recycled. handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

remarks

please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Dilution Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number 1824

14.2 UN proper shipping name Sodium hydroxide solutions

14.3 transport hazard class(es)

class 8 (corrosive substances)

14.4 packing group II (substance presenting medium danger)

14.5 environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the danger-

ous goods regulations

14.6 special precautions for user

there is no additional information.

14.7 transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

the cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

index number 1824

proper shipping name Sodium hydroxide solutions

- particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1824, Sodium hydroxide solutions, 8, II

class 8
packing group II
danger label(s) 8



special provisions (SP) B2, IB2, N34, T7, TP2

ERG No 154

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number 1824

proper shipping name SODIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTIONS

class 8
marine pollutant packing group II
danger label(s) 8



special provisions (SP) excepted quantities (EQ) E2
limited quantities (LQ) 1 L

EmS F-A, S-B

stowage category A

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Dilution Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

segregation group

18 - Alkalis

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number 1824

proper shipping name Sodium hydroxide solutions

class 8
packing group II
danger label(s) 8



special provisions (SP) A3
excepted quantities (EQ) E2
limited quantities (LQ) 0,5 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question national regulations (United States)

VOC content

Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA): Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB):

industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

 ${\it Hazardous\ Materials\ Identification\ System.\ American\ Coatings\ Association.}$

category	rating	description
Chronic	/	none
Health	3	major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

category	degree of hazard	description				
Flammability	0	material that will not burn under typical fire conditions				
Health	3	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury				
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions				
Special hazard						

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Dilution Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

abbreviations and acronyms

abbr.	descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH® 2019	From ACGIH®, 2019 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2019. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EmS	Emergency Schedule
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average

United States: en page: 10 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Dilution Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

abbr.	descriptions of used abbreviations
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

classification procedure

physical and chemical properties: the classification is based on tested mixture.

health hazards, environmental hazards: the method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

list of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

code	text
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

disclaimer

this information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. this SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United States: en page: 11 / 11



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Solubilization Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

SECTION 1: Identification

product identifier 1.1

product code(s)

BS Solubilization Buffer trade name K09791003/K09891003

relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against 1.2

relevant identified uses for research use only, not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

1.3 details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Diagenode SA LIEGE SCIENCE PARK Rue du Bois Saint-Jean, 3 4102 Seraing Belgium

telephone: +32 4 364 20 50 e-mail: info@diagenode.com

1.4 emergency telephone number

emergency information service +32 4 364 20 50

this number is only available during the following of-

fice hours: Mon-Fri 09:00 AM - 05:00 PM

poison center							
country	name	telephone					
	American Association of Poison Control Centers	1-800-222-1222					

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 classification of the substance or mixture

classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200) this mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

2.2 label elements

labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200) not required

other hazards 2.3

results of PBT and vPvB assessment

this mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 mixtures description of the mixture

This mixture does not contain any potentially hazardous products.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Solubilization Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 description of first- aid measures

general notes

do not leave affected person unattended. remove victim out of the danger area. keep affected person warm, still and covered. take off immediately all contaminated clothing. in all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. in case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

following inhalation

if breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. provide fresh air.

following skin contact

wash with plenty of soap and water.

following eye contact

remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

following ingestion

rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 extinguishing media

suitable extinguishing media

water spray, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO2)

unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

hazardous combustion products

carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 advice for firefighters

in case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. collect contaminated firefighting water separately. fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

for non-emergency personnel

remove persons to safety.

for emergency responders

wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 environmental precautions

keep away from drains, surface and ground water. retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Solubilization Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

6.3 methods and material for containment and cleaning up

advice on how to contain a spill

covering of drains

advice on how to clean up a spill

wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

appropriate containment techniques

use of adsorbent materials.

other information relating to spills and releases

place in appropriate containers for disposal. ventilate affected area.

6.4 reference to other sections

hazardous combustion products: see section 5. personal protective equipment: see section 8. incompatible materials: see section 10. disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 precautions for safe handling

recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation use local and general ventilation. use only in well-ventilated areas.

advice on general occupational hygiene

wash hands after use. do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

control of the effects

protect against external exposure, such as

frost

7.3 specific end use(s)

see section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 control parameters

occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Оссар	decapational exposure time ratios (workplace Exposure Elimits)										
coun- try	name of agent	CAS No	identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	nota- tion	source
US	glycerine	56-81-5	REL							mist, appx-D	NIOSH REL
US	glycerol	56-81-5	PEL		15					mist, i	29 CFR 1910.100 0
US	glycerol	56-81-5	PEL		5					mist, r	29 CFR 1910.100 0

notation

appx-D see Appendix D - Substances with No Established RELs

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Solubilization Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

notation

i inhalable fraction mist as mists r respirable fraction

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (un-

less otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified

8.2 exposure controls

appropriate engineering controls

general ventilation.

individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

eye/face protection

wear eye/face protection.

skin protection

- hand protection

wear suitable gloves. chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. check leak-tightness/ impermeability prior to use. in the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. for special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- other protection measures

take recovery periods for skin regeneration. preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. wash hands thoroughly after handling.

respiratory protection

in case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

environmental exposure controls

use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 information on basic physical and chemical properties

appearance

physical state	liquid
color	colorless
odor	odorless

other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined	
melting point/freezing point	not determined	
initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined	
flash point	not determined	
evaporation rate	not determined	
flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)	

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Solubilization Buffer

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explosive limits	not determined	
vapor pressure	not determined	
density	not determined	
vapor density	this information is not available	
relative density	information on this property is not available	
solubility(ies)	not determined	

partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
auto-ignition temperature	not determined
viscosity	not determined
explosive properties	none
oxidizing properties	none

9.2	other information	there is no additional information
-----	-------------------	------------------------------------

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 reactivity

 $concerning\ incompatibility: see\ below\ "Conditions\ to\ avoid"\ and\ "Incompatible\ materials".$

10.2 chemical stability

the material is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 possibility of hazardous reactions

no known hazardous reactions.

10.4 conditions to avoid

there are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 incompatible materials

oxidizers

10.6 hazardous decomposition products

reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Solubilization Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 information on toxicological effects

test data are not available for the complete mixture.

classification procedure

the method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

this mixture does not meet the criteria for classification.

acute toxicity

shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

skin corrosion/irritation

shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

serious eye damage/eye irritation

shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

respiratory or skin sensitization

shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

germ cell mutagenicity

shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

carcinogenicity

shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

reproductive toxicity

shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

aspiration hazard

shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 toxicity

shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

12.2 persistence and degradability

data are not available.

12.3 bioaccumulative potential

data are not available.

12.4 mobility in soil

data are not available.

12.5 results of PBT and vPvB assessment

data are not available.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Solubilization Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

12.6 other adverse effects

data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 waste treatment methods

sewage disposal-relevant information

do not empty into drains. avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

waste treatment of containers/packages

completely emptied packages can be recycled. handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

remarks

please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	not subject to transport regulations

14.2 UN proper shipping name not assigned
 14.3 transport hazard class(es) not assigned
 14.4 packing group not assigned

14.5 environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the danger-

ous goods regulations

14.6 special precautions for user

there is no additional information.

14.7 transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

the cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

not subject to transport regulations.

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

not subject to IMDG.

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

not subject to ICAO-IATA.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question national regulations (United States)

VOC content

Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA): Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB):

industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Solubilization Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

category	rating	description	
Chronic	/	none	
Health	0	no significant risk to health	
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur	
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive	
Personal protection	-		

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

category	degree of hazard	description	
Flammability	1	material that must be preheated before ignition can occur	
Health	0	material that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible material	
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions	
Special hazard			

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

abbreviations and acronyms

abbr.	descriptions of used abbreviations		
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)		
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation		
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board		
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)		
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value		
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)		
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment		
IATA	International Air Transport Association		
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)		
ICA0	International Civil Aviation Organization		
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code		
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")		
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)		
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition		
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)		

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acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Solubilization Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

abbr.	descriptions of used abbreviations	
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic	
PEL	Permissible exposure limit	
ppm	Parts per million	
STEL	Short-term exposure limit	
TWA	Time-weighted average	
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds	
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative	

key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

classification procedure

physical and chemical properties: the classification is based on tested mixture. health hazards, environmental hazards: the method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

disclaimer

this information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. this SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

United States: en page: 9 / 9



acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

BS Reaction Buffer

version number: GHS 1.0 date of compilation: 2020-05-04

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 product identifier

trade name BS Reaction Buffer product code(s) K09791004/K09891004

1.2 relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

relevant identified uses

for research use only, not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

1.3 details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Diagenode SA LIEGE SCIENCE PARK Rue du Bois Saint-Jean, 3 4102 Seraing Belgium

telephone: +32 4 364 20 50 e-mail: info@diagenode.com

1.4 emergency telephone number

emergency information service

+32 4 364 20 50

this number is only available during the following of-

fice hours: Mon-Fri 09:00 AM - 05:00 PM

poison center		
country	name	telephone
	American Association of Poison Control Centers	1-800-222-1222

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1 classification of the substance or mixture

classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

section	hazard class	category	hazard class and cat- egory	hazard state- ment
A.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
A.8D	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (narcotic effects, drowsiness)	3	STOT SE 3	H336
B.6	B.6 flammable liquid		Flam. Liq. 2	H225

for full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

the most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects the product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources.

2.2 label elements

labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- signal word danger

- pictograms

GHS02, GHS07



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- hazard statements

H225 highly flammable liquid and vapor.
 H319 causes serious eye irritation.
 H336 may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

- precautionary statements

P210 keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P240 ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 use only non-sparking tools.

P243 take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261 avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P271 use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 if on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 if inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 if in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.

P370+P378 in case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P233 store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 store locked up.

P501 dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- hazardous ingredients for labelling

Propan-2-ol

2.3 other hazards

results of PBT and vPvB assessment

this mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 substances

not relevant (mixture)

3.2 mixtures

description of the mixture

name of substance	identifier	wt%	classification acc. to GHS	pictograms
Propan-2-ol	CAS No 67-63-0	≤50	Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H336 Flam. Liq. 2 / H225	(1)

for full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 description of first- aid measures

general notes

do not leave affected person unattended. remove victim out of the danger area. keep affected person warm, still and covered. take off immediately all contaminated clothing. in all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. in case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

following inhalation

if breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. provide fresh air.

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following skin contact

wash with plenty of soap and water.

following eye contact

remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

following ingestion

rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

narcotic effects.

4.3 indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 extinguishing media

suitable extinguishing media

water spray, alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, carbon dioxide (CO2)

unsuitable extinguishing media

water jet

5.2 special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

in case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

hazardous combustion products

carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 advice for firefighters

in case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. collect contaminated firefighting water separately. fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

for non-emergency personnel

remove persons to safety.

for emergency responders

wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

6.2 environmental precautions

keep away from drains, surface and ground water. retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 methods and material for containment and cleaning up

advice on how to contain a spill

covering of drains

advice on how to clean up a spill

wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

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appropriate containment techniques

use of adsorbent materials.

other information relating to spills and releases

place in appropriate containers for disposal. ventilate affected area.

6.4 reference to other sections

hazardous combustion products: see section 5. personal protective equipment: see section 8. incompatible materials: see section 10. disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 precautions for safe handling

recommendations

- measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

use local and general ventilation. avoidance of ignition sources. keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. take precautionary measures against static discharge. use only in well-ventilated areas. due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. ground/bond container and receiving equipment. use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. use only non-sparking tools.

- specific notes/details

places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

advice on general occupational hygiene

wash hands after use. do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

managing of associated risks

- explosive atmospheres

keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. use local and general ventilation. keep cool. protect from sunlight.

- flammability hazards

keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. take precautionary measures against static discharge. protect from sunlight.

control of the effects

protect against external exposure, such as

frost

- ventilation requirements

use local and general ventilation. ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- packaging compatibilities

only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 specific end use(s)

see section 16 for a general overview.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 control parameters

occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

				-							
coun- try	name of agent	CAS No	identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	nota- tion	source
US	2-propanol	67-63-0	TLV®	200		400					ACGIH® 2019
US	isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	PEL (CA)	400	980	500	1,225				Cal/ OSHA PEL
US	isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	REL	400 (10 h)	980 (10 h)	500	1,225				NIOSH REL
US	isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	PEL	400	980						29 CFR 1910.100 0

notation

Ceiling-C STEL

ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified)

TWA

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-weighted average (unless otherwise specified

hinl	logical	ш	lımıt	· va	lues

country	name of agent	parameter	notation	identifier	value	source
US	isopropanol	acetone		BEI®	40 mg/l	ACGIH® 2019

relevant	DNELs of	com	nonents	of the	mixture
1 CtC valit	DIVELSOI	COIL	DULICITIES	OI UIC	HINKUIC

name of substance	CAS No	endpoint	threshold level	protection goal, route of exposure	used in	exposure time
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	DNEL	500 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	DNEL	888 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

name of substance	CAS No	endpoint	threshold level	organism	environmental compartment	exposure time
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	PNEC	140.9 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	PNEC	140.9 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	PNEC	2,251 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	PNEC	552 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	PNEC	552 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)

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relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

name of substance	CAS No	endpoint	threshold level	organism	environmental compartment	exposure time
Propan-2-ol	67-63-0	PNEC	28 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organisms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 exposure controls

appropriate engineering controls

general ventilation.

individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

eye/face protection

wear eye/face protection.

skin protection

- hand protection

wear suitable gloves. chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. check leak-tightness/ impermeability prior to use. in the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. for special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- other protection measures

take recovery periods for skin regeneration. preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. wash hands thoroughly after handling.

respiratory protection

in case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

environmental exposure controls

use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 information on basic physical and chemical properties appearance

physical state	liquid
color	colorless
odor	characteristic

other safety parameters

pH (value)	not determined
melting point/freezing point	not determined
initial boiling point and boiling range	not determined
flash point	not determined
evaporation rate	not determined
flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)

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Thumber. One 1.0	
explosive limits	not determined
vapor pressure	not determined
density	not determined
vapor density	this information is not available
relative density	information on this property is not available
solubility(ies)	
- water solubility	miscible in any proportion
partition coefficient	
- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available
auto-ignition temperature	not determined
viscosity	not determined
explosive properties	none
oxidizing properties	none
other information	there is no additional information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 reactivity

9.2

concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". the mixture contains reactive substance(s). risk of ignition.

if heated:

risk of ignition

10.2 chemical stability

see below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 possibility of hazardous reactions

no known hazardous reactions.

10.4 conditions to avoid

keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

hints to prevent fire or explosion

use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. use only non-sparking tools. take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 incompatible materials

oxidizers

10.6 hazardous decomposition products

reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 information on toxicological effects

test data are not available for the complete mixture.

classification procedure

the method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

acute toxicity

shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

skin corrosion/irritation

shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

serious eye damage/eye irritation

causes serious eye irritation.

respiratory or skin sensitization

shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

germ cell mutagenicity

shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

carcinogenicity

shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans

name of substance	CAS No	classification	number
propan-2-ol	67-63-0	3	

legend

Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans

reproductive toxicity

shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

may cause drowsiness or dizziness.

specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

aspiration hazard

shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 toxicity

shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

12.2 persistence and degradability

data are not available.

12.3 bioaccumulative potential

data are not available.

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12.4 mobility in soil

data are not available.

12.5 results of PBT and vPvB assessment

data are not available.

12.6 other adverse effects

data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 waste treatment methods

waste treatment-relevant information

solvent reclamation/regeneration.

sewage disposal-relevant information

do not empty into drains. avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

waste treatment of containers/packages

only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. completely emptied packages can be recycled. handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

remarks

please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN number	1219
	0 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	·= · ·

14.2 UN proper shipping name Isopropanol

14.3 transport hazard class(es)

class 3 (flammable liquids)

14.4 packing group | | | | (substance presenting medium danger)

14.5 environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the danger-

ous goods regulations

14.6 special precautions for user

there is no additional information.

14.7 transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

the cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

index number 1219

proper shipping name Isopropanol

- particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1219, Isopropanol, 3, II

class 3
packing group II
danger label(s) 3

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3



special provisions (SP) IB2, T4, TP1

ERG No 129

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number 1219

proper shipping name ISOPROPANOL

class 3
marine pollutant packing group II



danger label(s)

special provisions (SP) excepted quantities (EQ) E2
limited quantities (LQ) 1 L
EmS F-E, S-D
stowage category B

International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number 1219

proper shipping name Isopropanol

class 3
packing group II
danger label(s) 3



special provisions (SP)

excepted quantities (EQ)

limited quantities (LQ)

A180

E2

1 L

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question national regulations (United States)

VOC content

Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA): Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB):

industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

NPCA-HMIS® III

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

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category	rating	description
Chronic	/	none
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	3	material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

category	degree of hazard	description
Flammability	3	material that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions
Health	0	material that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible material
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

abbreviations and acronyms

abbr.	descriptions of used abbreviations
29 CFR 1910.1000	29 CFR 1910.1000, Tables Z-1, Z-2, Z-3 - Occupational Safety and Health Standards: Toxic and Hazardous Substances (permissible exposure limits)
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR U.S. Department of Transportation
ACGIH® 2019	From ACGIH®, 2019 TLVs® and BEIs® Book. Copyright 2019. Reprinted with permission. Information on the proper use of the TLVs® and BEIs®: http://www.acgih.org/tlv-bei-guidelines/policies-procedures-presentations/tlv-bei-position-statement
Cal/OSHA PEL	California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal/OSHA): Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs)
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
Ceiling-C	Ceiling value
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EmS	Emergency Schedule
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number
Eye Dam.	Seriously damaging to the eye

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abbr.	descriptions of used abbreviations
Eye Irrit.	Irritant to the eye
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICA0	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NIOSH REL	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH): Recommended Exposure Limits (RELs)
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PEL	Permissible exposure limit
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
ppm	Parts per million
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
STEL	Short-term exposure limit
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
TLV®	Threshold Limit Values
TWA	Time-weighted average
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

classification procedure

physical and chemical properties: the classification is based on tested mixture.

health hazards, environmental hazards: the method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

list of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

code	text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

disclaimer

this information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. this SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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